

TABLE No XXX

Rainfall—Bānsnāra town

(in inches)

Year	June	July	August	September	Remaining eight months	Total for the year
Average of twenty six years ending 1905	6 08	11 32	11 27	7 35	1 83	37 85
1896	6 33	7 12	13 34		1 97	28 76
1897	2 12	13 74	14 39	4 51	0 10	34 86
1898	5 21	13 23	9 70	4 56	3 11	35 81
1899	10 70	1 86	0 21	0 75	0 66	14 18
1900	0 64	3 77	19 15	5 40	0 56	29 52
1901	1 35	8 15	12 66		0 25	22 41
1902	1 50	10 29	7 54	15 16	1 06	35 55
1903	0 52	14 81	7 28	17 10	0 35	40 06
1904	2 60	9 05	2 09	2 60	4 08	20 42
1905	1 46	11 52	1 83	5 80	0 09	20 70
1906	5 10	12 94	12 06	13 81	1 08	44 99
1907	1 11	12 55	15 71			
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

RAJPUTANA GAZETTEERS

VOLUME II,—B

THE MEWAR RESIDENCY.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

COMPILED BY MAJOR K D ERSKINE, I.A



AJMER
SCOTTISH MISSION INDUSTRIES CO LTD

1908

TABLE No XXXII

List of chiefs of Bānsiwāra

No	Name	Date, remarks etc
1	Jagmāl	The younger son of Rāwal Udaī Singh of Bāgar. Two years after the death of the latter (i.e. in 1529), his territory was divided up between his two sons, the elder, Prithwī Raj, retained the western half (Dūngarpur) while Jagmāl received the eastern portion. The Musalmān historians call him Chaga, he is said to have died in 1540.
2	Jai Singh	According to the <i>Akbar nāmāh</i> waited on the emperor about 1577.
3	Pratāp Singh	
4	Kānadeo	
5	Kalyān Singh	
6	Agar Singh	
7	Udaī Singh I	
8	Samai Singh	
9	Kushāl Singh	
10	Ajab Singh	
11	Bhīm Singh	Died in 1713
12	Bishan Singh	Died in 1737
13	Udaī Singh II	Died in 1747
14	Prithwī Singh	Died in 1786
15	Bijai Singh	Died in 1816
16	Umed Singh	Concluded treaty with the British Government in 1818, died in 1819
17	Bhawānī Singh	Died in 1839
18	Bahādur Singh	Died in 1844
19	Lachhman Singh.	Died in April 1905
20	Shambhu Singh	The present Mahārāwal, born in October 1868

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STATISTICAL TABLES

TABLE No. II

List of Political Agents and Residents Muz

I—POLITICAL AGENTS

Name	Period	Remarks
Captain J. Tool	1818-22	
Captain Waugh	1822-3	
Captain A. Speirs	1823	
Captain Obbs	1823-26	
Captain J. Sutherland	1826	(Officiating).
Captain Cobbe	1826-31	The Agency was abolished in 1831, and Udaipur was under the political charge of the Superintendent of Ajmer for about five years. The Agency was, however, re-established in 1836 with headquarters at Simach.
Lieut.-Col. A. Speirs	1836-38	
Lieut.-Col. Robinson	1838-50	
Lieut.-Col. G. Lawrence	1850-57	
Captain C. L. Showers	1857-60	
Major R. L. Taylor	1860-63	(Ditto). Headquarters transferred to Udaipur about this time.
Lieut. Col. W. F. Eden	1863-65	
Major J. P. Nixon	1865-67	
Lieut.-Col. A. R. E. Hutchinson	1868-69	(Officiating).
Major J. P. Nixon	1869-72	
Lieut.-Col. A. Hutchinson	1872-74	(Officiating).
Major E. Bradford	1874	(Ditto).
Lieut.-Col. J. A. Wright	1874-75	(Ditto).
Colonel C. Herbert	1875-76	
Lieut.-Col. E. C. Incey	1876-78	
Major T. Oudell	1878-79	
Lieut.-Col. C. K. M. Walter	1879-81	

TABLE No III.

*Temperatures—Udampur City.**(Observatory 1925 feet above sea level.)*

YEAR.	J A N U A R Y		M A R C H		J U N E		N O V E M B E R	
	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.	Mean.	Daily range.
1888			90.5°	1-6	82.0°	13.7°	71.4	31.9°
1890	7.7°	31.8°	89.1	31.3°	81.0°	13.9°	76.5°	30.0°
1900	61.7°	25.4	88.9°	22.3°	85.3	16.3°	70.2°	30.8°
1901	60.0°	26.1	81.5	23.4	83.5	15.0°	70.0°	33.5°
1902	61.5°	31.0	91.2°	23.1	84.7°	16.1	68.3°	3.1
1903	61.6°	38.8	90.0°	25.7°	85.2°	16.6°	63.4	24.8°
1904	61.9°	29.5	91.3°	23.8°	79.7°	13.5°	70.1	31.0°
1905	60.6°	27.4	91.1	25.9	81.3°	1.7°	7.0	31.1
Average for the eight years.	61.4	28	86	26°	84.6°	14.6°	70.5°	31.9
1906	59.4	30.0°	90.9°	24.7°	81.1	11.5°	70.2°	33.6°
1907	63.6°	28.9°	87.7°	26.5	85.0	17.7°		
1908								
1909								
1910								
1911								

The observatory was established in February 1890.

TABLE No. IV A

Rainfall—Kharwa station.
(in inches).

Year	June	July	August	September	Remain- ing eight months.	Total for the year
Average of twenty-six years ending 1905.	4.41	8.84	30	4.30	1.70	46.25
1896	7.35	1.32	8.55	0.04	0.45	8.74
1897	0.77	9.56	9.24	3.00		22.57
1898	40		30	6.19	0.65	18.99
1899	3.8	1.49	0.03	0.91	1.02	6.57
1900 ..	0.73	0.7	10.4	4.34	0.79	26.13
1901	0.1	4.95	30	0.5	0.95	16.14
1902 ...	0.27	6.36	6.59	8.69	2.44	24.44
1903		16.79	8.95	0.98	0.19	32.31
1904	1.62	4.45	3.98	1.48	4.42	15.93
1905	0.76	13.4	0.1	3.79	3.04	40.93
1906	3.35	14.87	8.73	4.23	1.27	32.49
1907	1.5	10.74	6.73			
1908						
1909						
1910 ..						
1911						

TABLE No. V

List of chiefs of Merod

N	Name.	Date, remarks, etc.
1	Golud tya or Gob l	He is said to have come from Kāthiāwār in the 6th century and settled in Idar and south-eastern Merod the Gahwa chā I named after him
	Bhogāditya or Bhog.	
3	Mahendrājī I	
4	Nāgaditya.	
5	Śilāditya	Mentioned in an inscription dated 616.
6	Aparājīt	Ditto. 661 [R. I IV 29].
7	Mahendrājī II.	One of these two was the Bāpā Rāwal who is said to have taken Ohitor from Mān Singh, Maurya, in 721 and to have died in 763.
8	Kālbbhoja.	
9	Khamān I.	
10	Mattā or Govind.	
11	Bhartari Bhat I.	
12	Singh or Agta Singh.	
13	Khamān II.	
14	Mahāyak.	
15	Khamān III.	
16	Bhartari Bhat II.	
17	Alak or Alu	Mentioned in an inscription dated 953 [R. I 67].
18	Nara āhan ...	Mentioned in an inscription dated 973 [R. I. 69].
19	Baltvāhan, or Vānāth.	

List of chief of Mandir (continued).

No.	Name.	Date, remarks, etc.
38	Padam Singh	He was Rāwal contemporary Rānā was Nāgpal.
39	Jet Singh	Mentioned in inscriptions dated 1213, 1222, 1227 and 1232 contemporary Rānā Pawanpal.
40	Tej Singh	Mentioned in inscriptions dated 1260, 1265 and 1267, for the last see <i>J.B.A.</i> iv pt. I 17. The contemporary Rānā was Prithwi Pal.
41	Samar Singh	Mentioned in several inscriptions dated between 1274 and 1285—see <i>I.A.</i> xvi, 345 and xxii, 80 <i>J.B.A.</i> i pt. 1, 18; and <i>B.I.</i> 84. The contemporary Rānās are Bhojvan Singh, Bhoj Singh and Jal Singh.
42	Ratan Singh I	The last Rāwal of Chitor he was the husband of Padmanī and was taken prisoner by All-ud-din when he captured the fort in 1303. The surviving members of his family escaped to Dūngarpur where they set up separate principality which exists to the present day.
43	Lakshman Singh	or strictly ruler of Chitor. He belonged to the Rānā branch and was the successor of Jal Singh. When Chitor was besieged by All-ud-din, he went to the help of his relative, Rāwal Ratan Singh, and was killed there, along with seven of his sons, in 1303.
44	Ajai Singh	The only surviving son of Lakshman Singh; he escaped to Kalwāra in the Aravallis and ruled there.
45	Hamir Singh I	Married the daughter of Mādeo, the Chauhān chief of Jālor whom Muḥammad Tughlak had appointed as governor of Chitor and by this means recovered that fortress he died in 1364.
46	Khet Singh	Ruled 1364-82.

List of chiefs of Mewār (continued)

No	Name	Date, remarks, etc
47	Laksh Singh or Lākhā	Ruled 1382-97
48	Mokal	Supplanted his brother Chonda and ruled 1397 1433
49	Kūmbhā	Ruled 1433 68, erected the Jai Stambh at Chitor to commemorate his victories over the kings of Mālwa and Gujarāt, was murdered by his son Udā
50	Udā or Udaī Karan	The parricide—ruled 1468 73—expelled by his brother, Rai Mal
51	Rai Mal	Ruled 1473 1508
52	Sangrām Singh I or Sanga	Ditto 1508-27, the most formidable opponent of Bābar, was defeated at the battle of Khānua and died soon after
53	Ratan Singh II	Ruled 1527 31
54	Vikramāditya	Ditto 1531-35 Chitor sacked by Bahādur Shāh of Gujarāt in 1534
55	Banbīr	An illegitimate nephew of No 52, murdered Vikramāditya and usurped the gaddi, but was only permitted to occupy it for two years
56	Udaī Singh	Ruled 1537 72, founded Udaipur city in 1559 Chitor sacked by Akbar in 1567
57	Pratāp Singh I	Ruled 1572 97
58	Amar Singh I	Ruled 1597-1620, tendered his submission to Jahāngir on certain conditions in 1614
59	Karan Singh II	Ruled 1620 28
60	Jagat Singh I	Ditto 1628 52
61	Rāj Singh I	Ditto 1652-80
62	Jai Singh II	Ditto 1680-98
63	Amar Singh II	Ditto 1698 1710

List of chiefs of Mewār (concluded)

No.	Name.	Date, remarks, etc.
61	Bangrām Singh II	Ruled 1710-34
63	Jagat Singh II	Ditto 1734-51
66	Pratāp Singh II	Ditto 1751-54
67	Rāj Singh II	Ditto 1754-61
68	Ari Singh II	Ditto 1761-73
69	Harāl Singh II	Ditto 1773 *
70	Bhīm Singh	Ditto 1778-1828 concluded treaty with the British Government in 1818.
71	Jawān Singh	Ruled 1828-35
72	Bardār Singh	Ditto 1835-42
73	Bārōp Singh	Ditto 1842-61
74	Shambhū Singh	Ditto 1861-74
75	Sajjan Singh	Ditto 1874-81
76	Fateh Singh	The present Maharaja.

Explanation of abbreviations

B. I —Bhaunagar Inscriptions, i.e. collection of Prākṛit and Sanskrit inscriptions published by the Bhaunagar archaeological department.

E. I —Epigraphica Indica.

I. A —Indian Antiquary

J. B. A —Journal of the Bengal Asiatic Society

TABLE No VI

Population, Udaipur State, 1881, 1891 and 1901

Details	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns	7	13	14	In 1881 and 1891 the Bhils were not regularly counted. The figures for these years opposite total population and number of males, females and Animists include the estimated number of Bhils. For this reason the percentages at the foot of the table are of little value.
Number of villages	5,715	5,812	6,030	
Total population	1,494,220	1,845,008	1,018,805	
Number of males	798,223	961,791	532,046	
Number of females	695,997	883,217	486,759	Again, the decrease in the number of Hindus in 1891 and the great increase in that of Animists are due to the enumerated Bhils having returned themselves as Hindus in 1881 and as Animists in 1891.
Number of Hindus	1,321,521	1,314,814	779,676	
Number of Animists	51,076	377,970	134,114	
Number of Musalmāns	13,322	59,168	10,072	
Number of Christians	130	137	243	
(a) European and Eurasian		62	59	
(b) Native		75	184	
Urban population	78,186	131,302	111,779	
Population per square mile	118	145	80	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i) between 1881 and 1891	+ 23.5
(ii) between 1881 and 1901	- 31.8
(iii) between 1891 and 1901	- 44.8

TABLE No. VII.

Population, Udaipur State, 1901

Divisional unit.	NUMBER OF		POPULATION.		Percentage variation in popula- tion bet- ween 1891 and 1901	REMARKS
	Town.	Village.	Total.	Urban.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
<i>Zilas.</i>						
1 Bhilwara		901	66,605	14,844	-31	The Bhil were not regularly counted in 1891 con- sequently the figures in column 6 are of little value.
2 Chhoti Bédi	1	209	31,667	5,050	-31	
3 Chitor	1	440	66,001	7,503	-51	
4 Devasthan		107	23,622	—	43	
5 Gera	1	489	14,767	45,070	-32	
6 Jhalaper	1	308	42,150	3,399	-51	
7 Kapasan		14	28,371	—	-46	
8 Nagri		325	48,400	—	-48	
9 Mandलगarh		258	33,619	—	-60	
10 Rāmī		100	26,897	—	-43	
11 Sahran		274	53,850	—	-46	
<i>Paragana</i>						
1 Bāgor		27	7,482	—	-40	
2 Hurra		166	25,799	—	-33	
3 Khamnor		50	20,810	—	-39	
4 Kumbhalgarh		163	28,003	—	-46	
5 Rājnagar		123	21,064	—	-44	
6 Bara		58	1,999	—	-45	
<i>Bāzmadia.</i>						
1 Kherwara	1	118	19,847	2,289	-63	
2 Kotra	1	242	17,641	903	-18	
<i>Jāgir or small estates.</i>						
28 in number see Rājputana Cen- sus Report, Part III.	6	2,212	208,03	31,725	-48	
State total	14	6,030	1,018,800	111,779	-44.8	

TABLE No VIII

The average monthly wages (in rupees) of skilled and unskilled labour in the Udaipur State

YEARS.	Able bodied agricultural labourer	Syco or horse keeper	Common mason, carpenter, or blacksmith
1	2	3	4
1873	4	5	15
1881	5	6	15
1891	4 to 6	5 to 6	25 to 35
1901	4 to 6	5 5 to 7	22 to 25
1905	4 to 6	5 5 to 7	22 to 25
1906	4 to 6	6 to 7	22 to 35
1907			
1908			
1909			
1910			

This table has been compiled from the Volume of *Prices and Wages in India* (Twenty third issue). It is believed that the wages are in the local currency, the rupee of which may be said to be worth from 12 to 13 Imperial annas.

TABLE No. IX

Prices in acres (80 tolas) per rupee in the Udaipur State.

Y. LA	Wheat	Barley	Jowar	Maize	Rs. ft.
1		3	4	5	6
Average 1873-1880 ..	13	18.7	..	17.2	19.1
1881-1890	14.8	20.5		20.1	10.3
1891-1900	12.3	20.3	20.7	21.8	9.9
1901	10.6	14.3	18.3	15	10.2
1902	11.8	15.6	16.3	16.3	10.4
1903	1	21.2	22.6	31.3	11.8
1904	13.8	26.6	29.7	30.7	12.3
1905	11.5	15.9	16.8	16.3	12.8
1906	10.5	13	14.7	13.7	14.6
1907					
1908					
1909					
1910					

This table has been compiled from the *Volume of Prices and Weights in India*. In working out the average prices for the decade ending 1900, the years of acute famine (1899-1900) have been omitted.

TABLE No. X.

The Udaipur Chitor Railway

DETAILS	1896	1900	1901	1905	1906
Capital outlay (in rupees)	13,47,399	19,80,010	20,61,858	20,67,464	20,75,567
Gross working expenses (in rupees)	81,469	1,32,224	1,28,062	1,04,375	1,12,345
Net revenue (in rupees)	53,751	1,85,704	94,113	1,03,551	1,35,467
Percentage of net revenue on capital	3 39	9 37	4 56	5 01	6 53
Number of passengers carried	201,348	169,309	180,117	256,424	275,432
Tons of goods carried	23,808	54,728	28,301	16,083	27,083
Number of live stock carried	Nil	1,909	154	55	23

TABLE No. XL

List of roads in the Udaipur State (1900).

NAME OF ROAD.	LENGTH IN MILES.		REMARKS.
	Mettalled.	Unmetalled.	
Udaipur-Chitor	70		Not repaired since 1895 and will soon be to be closed as unmetalled.
Portion of Nasirabad-Nimach		83	Superseded by railway and now to be closed by Government as fair weather road only
Udaipur Khorwara		50	
Khorwara-Kotra		48	
Portion of Kotra-Rohara		23	
Udaipur Nathdwara	13	17	
Nathdwara-Desuri Pass		28	
Deoli-Tikar	6		
Udaipur Kamliod-Bagidra	10		
Udaipur-Sajjargarh	4		
Udaipur Khils Odi			
Udaipur city and suburbs	29		
Udaipur Bedla	2		
Chitor station to town ..	2		
Chitor fort	4		
TOTAL	141	257	

TABLE No XII

*List of Imperial post and telegraph offices in the
Udaipur State in 1906*

OFFICE.	Class.	REMARKS
Udaipur	Head office	Also telegraph office.
Bhilwāra	Sub-office.	ditto
Chitor railway station	ditto	ditto
Kherwāra	ditto	
Nāthdwāra	ditto	Also telegraph office
Udaipur city	ditto	
Badnor	Branch office	
Banera	ditto	
Barī Sādra	ditto	
Bānsi	ditto	
Begūn	ditto	
Bhadaura	ditto	
Bhīndar	ditto	
Chhotī Sādra	ditto	
Chitor	ditto	
Delwāra	ditto	
Deogarh	ditto	
Gangrār	ditto	
Ghasūnda	ditto	
Hamīrgarh	ditto	
Hurra	ditto	
Jahāzpur	ditto	
Kānkroh	ditto	
Kapāsan	ditto	
Khemh	ditto	
Kotra	ditto	
Lāmbia	ditto	
Māndal	ditto	
Māndalgarh	ditto	
Maoli	ditto	
Pārsoli	ditto	
Rakhabh Dev	ditto	
Salūmbar	ditto	
Sanwār	ditto	
Sarāra	ditto	
Udaipur railway station	ditto	

TABLE No XIII

Udaipur Central J il

Particulars.	1891.	1901.	1905.	1906.
Average daily jail population				
(a) male ..	403	466	43*	469
(b) female	25	15	29	34
Total ..	520	481	461	503
Maximum population on any one day ---	566	639	505	513
Daily average number of sick	14.5	8.9	1.6	0.23
Number of deaths	12	49	9	16
Rate of mortality per 1,000	23.1	101.8	19.9	31.8
Expenditure on jail maintenance	Rs. 35,400	Rs. 23,900	Rs. 25,36.	..
Cost per prisoner ..	Rs. 63	Rs. 50	Rs. 54	
Profits on jail manufactures	Rs. 1,700	Rs. 1,977	Rs. 1,744	

TABLE No XIV

Schools in the Udaipur State, 1905 1906

Class of institution	Number of institutions	NUMBER ON ROLLS		DAILY AVERAGE ATTENDANCE		Expenditure
		Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	
PUBLIC						
<i>Secondary schools—</i>						
(a) High	1	389		247		Rs 9,500
(b) Middle	1	47		36		Rs. 900
<i>Primary schools—</i>						
(a) Upper	10	723	114	527	71	Rs 3,200
(b) Lower	30	1,567		1,192		Rs 11,000
Total of public institutions	42	2,726	114	2,002	71	Rs 24,600
PRIVATE.						
United Free Church Mission schools	7	212	140	148	116	Rs 2,300
Church Missionary Society schools	3	62		35		Rs 350
Mewār Bhil Corps schools	2	Not known		96		Not known
GRAND TOTAL	54 schools	3,000	254	2,281	187	Rs 27,250

NOTE.—There are also numerous private schools of the indigenous type, such as *makhtabs* and *pāthshālās*, but no details are available

TABLE No. XV

List of schools in the Udaipur State 1906.

Locality	Class	Management	Average attendance.
Aguncha	Lower primary	Darbar ..	31
Abār	ditto	U F C Mission	37
ditto	ditto (girls)	ditto	8
Alkola	Lower primary	Darbar	34
Arm	ditto	ditto	19
Bhilwāra	ditto (girls)	U F C. Mission	15
ditto	Secondary middle	Darbar ..	93
Bhogd ..	Lower primary	ditto ..	34
Chhoti Sādri	Upper ditto	ditto ..	95
Chitor	ditto	ditto ..	115
Dudoli	Lower primary	ditto	23
Etooda	ditto	ditto	17
Galund	ditto	ditto	42
Hurra	ditto	ditto	53
Jahāzpur	Upper primary	ditto ..	68
Jāma	Lower ditto	ditto ...	31
Jāwar	ditto	ditto ..	20
Jharol	ditto	ditto	15
Kāgjar ..	ditto	C. M. Society	6
Kalhai	ditto	ditto ..	14
Kānara	ditto	Darbar ..	20

List of schools in the Udaipur State, 1906—(continued)

Locality	Class	Management	Average attendance
Kapāsan	Upper primary	Darbār	97
Kesūnda	Lower ditto	ditto	14
Kheroda	ditto	ditto	33
Kherwāra	ditto	O M Society	15
ditto	Upper primary	Mewār Bhil Corps	83
Kotra	Lower ditto	ditto	13
Kuraj	Upper ditto	Darbār	33
Maholi	Lower ditto	ditto	35
Māndal	Upper ditto	ditto	72
Māndalgarh	ditto	ditto	72
Maoli	Lower ditto (girls)	U F C Mission	23
Nāgaoli	Lower primary	Darbār	13
Nandrai	ditto	ditto	16
Pandair	ditto	ditto	23
Paroh	ditto	ditto	20
Potlān	ditto	ditto	42
Pur	Upper primary	ditto	41
Raipur	ditto	ditto	49
Rājnagar	Lower primary	ditto	34
Rakhabh Dev	ditto	ditto	50
Rāsmi	ditto	ditto	36
Relmagrā	ditto	ditto	26
Sahran	ditto	ditto	17

List of schools in the Udaipur State, 1900—(concluded).

Locality	Class	Management	Average attendance.
Kingpur	Lower primary	Darbar	1
Udaipur city	High school	ditto	287
ditto	Primary (three)	ditto	291
ditto	ditto (girls)	ditto	71
ditto	ditto	U F C. Mission	70
ditto	ditto (boys)	ditto	98
ditto	ditto (Bhil boys)	ditto	13
U tals	Lower primary	Darbar	41

A total of 84 schools (forty-two maintained by the Darbar seven by the United Free Church of Scotland Mission, three by the Church Missionary Society and two by the Mewar Bhil Corps). Further forty-nine schools for boys, including one high, one anglo-vernacular middle, and one anglo-vernacular primary and five primary schools for girls. Daily average attendance, 522, namely 2,335 boys and 187 girls.

TABLE No. XVI.

Hospitals etc in the Udaipur State

PARTICULARS	1881	1891	1901	1905
1	2	3	4	5
Number of hospitals and dispensaries	7	18	20	20
Number of patients treated	(a) 12,929	(c) 138,476	200,049	148,579
Daily average number of —				
(a) In patients	(a) 40	(b) 106	205	115
(b) Out-patients	(a) 118	(c) 808	1,073	876
Number of operations performed	(a) 904	(c) 6,946	7,715	6,603
Expenditure by the Dar bār	Rs 4,536	Rs 23,670	Rs 24,548	Rs 26,286

(a) Excluding figures for the two regimental hospitals and the Mission hospital, which are not available

(b) Excluding figures for Kherwāra regimental hospital, Kotra civil hospital, Residency hospital and Mission hospital

(c) Excluding figures for Kherwāra regimental hospital, Kotra civil hospital and Residency hospital

TABLE No XVII

Hospitals and dispensaries in the Udaipur State 1905.

Hospital or dispensary	Maintained by	Accommodations for in-patients.	Number of cases treated.	DAILY VERGES FOR IN OF		Number of opera- tions performed.
				In- patients.	Out- patients.	
Bhilwara hospital	Darbh	20	6,307	7	52	517
Chitor ditto	ditto	1	10,140	9	93	701
Chiboti Suddi dispensary	ditto		9,143	2	42	630
Jahazpur hospital	ditto	10	5,101		39	178
Kaplan ditto	ditto	5	3,220	1	21	116
Kharwara —						
() Regimental hospital	Government	28	412	1		—
(b) Civil ditto	Partly Govt partly private subscriptions.	10	6,884	4	43	151
Kotra —						
() Civil hospital	ditto	8	1,330		11	75
(b) Detachment hospital	Government.	7	77	4		
Mandalgarh dispensary	Darbh		2,556		35	160
Nathdwara ditto	Maharaj Gossain		8,896		1	539
Ramesi ditto	Darbh		4,431	4	4	22
Sahran ditto	ditto		4,290	3	41	184
Sarira hospital	ditto	10	3,763	4	29	319
Udaipur city —						
() Jail hospital	ditto	12	1,744	1	5	31
(b) Lansdowne hospital	ditto	60	27,750	25	149	1,361
() Railway dispensary	ditto	—	2,507	—	14	99
(a) Residency hospital	Government	4	1,618	1	13	100
() Shepherd Mission hospital.	Mission	64	46,392	14	153	1,143
(f) Walter female hos- pital.	Darbh	24	2,015	6	23	53
Total ..		274	142,579	116	876	6,603

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TABLE No XVIII

Vaccination in the Udaipur State

Particulars	1881	1890 91	1900 01	1905 06	1906 07
Number of vaccinators employed	3	20	19	19	19
Number of vaccinations performed	3,485	13,872	11,310	19,428	20,046
Number of successful vaccinations	3,163	13,663	11,285	19,364	19,969
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population	2 12	7 40	11 7	19	19 6
Total expenditure on vaccination	Rs 362	Rs 2,086	Rs 2,002	Rs 2,014	Rs 2,047
Cost per successful case (in pies)	22	29	34	20	19½

TABLE No. XIX.

List of nobles of the first rank in Ud pu

Rank	Name of estate	HOLDS		ANNUAL		REVENUE
		Title	Class	Income of estate	Tax to be paid	
				R	Ra	
1	Bari Baidri	Raj	Jhalla	48,000	840	
	Bedia	Rao	Chandhan	61,000	4,100	
3	Kotharia	Rajah	ditto	3,000	1,200	
4	Salambar	ditto	Sesodia	80,000	52	
5	Bajwa	Rao	Ponwar	5,000	486	
6	Deogarh	Rajah	Sesodia	1,20,000	5,700	Equal in rank. When one attends court, the other stays away
7	Begun	ditto	ditto	48,000	5,200	
8	Deiwara	Raj Rana	Jhalla	7,000	4,900	
9	Amot	Rawat	Sesodia	48,000	4,700	
10	Mey	ditto	ditto	22,000	2,500	
11	Gogunda	Raj	Jhalla	4,000	2,040	
12	Kanor	Rawat	Sesodia	22,000	2,500	
13	Bhindar	Maharaj	ditto	48,000	3,800	
14	Badnor	Thakur	Rathor	70,000	3,300	
15	Bansel	Rawat	Sesodia	24,000	160	As before.
16	Bhainsarogarb	ditto	ditto	80,000	6,000	
17	Pirwah	Rao	Chandhan	20,000	40	As before.
18	Kurabar	Rawat	Sesodia	40,000	52	

List of nobles of the first rank in Udaipur—(concluded)

Rank	Name of estate	HOLDERS		APPROXIMATE ANNUAL		REMARKS
		Title	Clan	Income of estate	Tribute to Darbār	
19	Asīnd	Rāwat	Sesodia	Rs 80,000	Rs 1,000	These two have seats in darbār immediately in front of the Mahārānī, along with the heir apparent.
20	Sardārgarh	Thākui	Dodā	24,000	1,400	
21	Banera	Rājā	Sesodia	88,000	4,900	
22	Kāchola	Rājā Dhī-rāj (of Shahpura)	Sesodia	50,000	2,400	
Total income and tribute Rs				11,54,000	58,220	

NOTE.—The income and tribute are in Imperial currency

TABLE No XX

*Rainfall—Dāngarpur town.**(in inches).*

Year	June.	July	August.	Septem- ber	Remaining eight months.	Total for the year
Average of seven years ending 1900.	3.0*	8.31	5.56	5.28	1.6	23.74
1899	5.80	1.66		1.98	0.76	10.20
1900		25	10.60	5.77	0.10	28.72
1901	1.16	4.64	6.70	0.09	1.59	14.38
1902	1.38	10.51	5.99	14.61	3.13	35.62
1903	0.17	18.40	7.76	8.04	0.58	35.95
1904	3.63	4.45	2.70	1.11	4.76	16.65
1905	1.90	14.05	0.21	4.47	0.08	20.69
1906	2.48	14.88	11.65	3.62	0.78	33.41
1907	0.94	8.03	6.60			
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

The above figures are taken from *Rainfall Data of India* which gives information regarding Dāngarpur only from 1899.

The real annual average is about the same as at Kherwāra, namely 27 inches—see Table No. IV A. above.

TABLE No XXI

List of chiefs of the Bāgar and Dūngarpur

No	Name	Date, remarks etc
1	Narabrahm or Nara varman	According to some, he was preceded by Māhup
2	Bhālu	
3	Kesri Singh	
4	Sāmant Singh	
5	Sehdi.	
6	Deda or Dedu	Took Galiākot from the Paramāras about 1308, and made it his capital.
7	Bir Singh	Founded Dūngarpur town about 1358 and transferred the seat of government thither
8	Bhao Chand	
9	Dūngar Singh	
10	Karan Singh I	Mentioned in an inscription at Desān dated 1396
11	Kānadeo	
12	Pratāp Singh or Pātu	
13	Gepa or Gopināth.	Probably the Ganesa Rājā of Musalman historians, circa 1433 and 1446
14	Sonadās or Shāmdās	Mentioned by Musalmān historians in 1458
15	Gangā Singh	
16	Udai Singh I	Killed at the battle of Khānua, fighting against Bābar in 1527
17	Prithwī Rāj	Territory divided up between him and his brother, Jagmāl, in 1529. The latter received the eastern half (Bānswāra), while Prithwī Rāj retained the western portion (Dūngarpur)

List of chiefs of Dāngarpur—(continued).

N	Name	Date remark et
18	Akaran	Mentioned in inscription in the Hanub wa temple dated 1560, and, according t the <i>Alber-namak</i> , waited on the emperor bout 157
10	Shaham d	Mentioned in the Sārpa inscription dated 1590
20	Karan Singh II	
21	Punj Hā; or Pu jā	Mentioned in an inscription t Dāngarpur dated 1622
22	Girdhār Singh	
3	Jaswant Singh I.	
24	Khumun Singh	
25	Rām Singh	
26	Rao Singh	Said to ha ruled from 1735 to 1790.
27	Fatch Singh	Ditto ditto 1790 to 1804.
28	Jaswant Singh II.	Concluded treaty with the British Govern- ment in 1818; was deposed for incomp- petency in 1825 his adopted son, Dalpat Singh, was made regent but, on succeeding to the <i>gaddi</i> of Parābgarh, as permitted to adopt Udai Singh.
29	Udai Singh II.	Ruled from 1844 t 1898
30	Bijai Singh	The present Mahārājā, born in July 1887

TABLE No XXII

Population, Dūngarpur State, 1881, 1891 and 1901

Details	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns	1	1	1	In 1881 the Bhils (Animists) were not regularly counted, a rough estimate was made of the number of their huts, and four persons (two of either sex) were allowed to each hut. In 1891 no fresh estimate of the number of Bhil huts was made, the estimate of 1881 was taken in its entirety. Consequently, the percentages at the foot of this table are of little value. The census of 1901 was the first complete one taken in this State.
Number of villages	420	506	631	
Total population	153,381	165,400	100,103	
Number of males	78,044	82,920	50,050	
Number of females	75,337	82,480	50,053	
Number of Hindus	75,260	87,017	56,061	
Number of Animists	66,952	66,952	33,887	
Number of Jains	7,560	7,117	5,860	
Number of Musalmāns	3,609	4,314	4,271	
Number of Christians			3	
Urban population	6,449	6,431	6,094	
Population per square mile	106	114	69	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i)	between 1881 and 1891	+ 7.8
(ii)	" 1881 " 1901	- 3.5
(iii)	" 1891 " 1901	- 39.5

TABLE No. XXIII.

Population, Dāngarpur State, 1901

Zila.	NUMBER OF		POPULATION		Percentage variation in population between 1891 and 1901	REMARKS
	Towns.	Villages.	Total.	Urban.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Aspur		181	31,920		Not available.	As already stated (Table No. XXII), the Hills were not regularly counted in 1891 but very roughly estimated at 64,852 the percentage in column 6 is therefore of little value.
Dāngarpur	1	226	9,376	6,094		
Bāgwāra		224	32,907			
State total	1	631	100,103	6,094	- 39.5	

NOTE.—The Aspur and Bāgwāra taluks have just been amalgamated, and there are now two districts, Dāngarpur on the west and Bāgwāra on the east.

TABLE No. XXV

Rel. il prices cents per bushel at Dänversper town.

Year	Wheat.	Barley	Oats.	Malts.	Salt
Average 18 11890	1	30	30	30	12½
1891 1900	20	4	30	35	12
1901	9½	1½	10½	13½	8½
1902	½	10½	9	15½	9½
1903	1½	32	3*	4½	10
1904	49	63	33	68	12½
1905	1½	20½	15½	19½	12½
1906	11½	14½	12½	15	14
1907					
1908					
1909					
1910					
1911					

In the average for the decade ending 1900, years of acute famine have been omitted.

TABLE No. XXVII.

Dangarpur Jail

Y. AD.	JAIL POPULATION		Daily average number of inm.	Number of deaths.	Rate of mortality per 1,000.	Expendi- ture on mainten- ance (in rupees).
	Daily average.	Maximum on any one day				
1896	80	120			22.5	Not vail- able.
1897	61	94	4			
1898	57	90	5			
1899	60	165	10	4	60.0	
1900	231	397	41	416	1804.1	
1901	101	160	12	13	128.7	9,51
1902	143	188	14	31	17.5	—,907
1903	89	87	7	6	101.9	1,328
1904	53	69	6	1	16.1	1,563
1905	64	69	7	3	31.1	—,487
1906	33	63		1	19.3	
1907						
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

TABLE No. XXIX.

Hospitals and Vaccination in the Dnipropetrovsk State.

PARTICULARS.	1896.	1901.	1905.	1908.
Number of hospitals	1	1	2	2
patients treated	3,458	7,240	14,188	18,016
Daily average number of —				
() In patient	3	1	8	3
(b) Out patient	56	93	112	129
Number of operations performed	49	482	425	409
Number of vaccinators employed	1	1	2	2
Number of vaccinations performed	946	632	1,106	1,182
Number of successful vaccinations.	944	551	1,083	1,132
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1 000 of population	5.7	5.5	10.8	11.22

The figures relating to vaccination are for the official years 1896-97-1901-02, etc.

TABLE No. XXXI.

R in fall—Kuthalgurh town.

(in inches).

Year	June	July	August	September	Remain- ing eight months.	Total for the year
Average of thir- teen years en- ding 1900	1.06	11.45	8.35	5.81	1.38	31.46
1896	8.63	13.14	1.55		1.83	35.17
1897	0.68	7.88	11.37	5.50	...	25.43
1898	3.35	23.51	10.90	7.60	3.35	48.74
1899	7.37	3.23			0.73	10.34
1900	0.45	7.72	16.30	7.5	0.04	32.26
1901	1.35	8.43	6.56	0.23	0.01	16.78
1902 ...	0.06	13.14	10.63	15.77	3.11	41.91
1903 ..	0.4	13.47	8.48	14.00	1.10	37.79
1904 ..	3.06	13.23	1.61	4.20	3.11	33.41
1905 ..	1.54	15.74	3.59	5.95	0.09	25.91
1906	43	0.48	14.1	11.93	0.93	38.67
1907 ..	1.01	12.74	10.03			
1908 ...						
1909 ...						
1910 ...						
1911 ...						

Statistics are available only from 1893. During the last ten years the annual fall has varied about 29½ inches as compared with 32½ inches at Benavara town. The average for the last twenty-six years at the latter place is nearly 38 inches, and it may be assumed to be about the same at Kuthalgurh.

TABLE No XXXIII

Population, Edgewood State 1881 1891 and 1901

Items	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS.
Number of towns	1	1	1	The figures for 1881 are of no value there was no census in the Kushálgarh estate, the population of which was guessed to be 3,039 (all religions and both sexes). In Edgewood proper some of the Bhils were regularly counted and were classed as Hindus, and a rough estimate was made of the remainder. Again, no attempt was made to distinguish Jains from Hindus. In 1891 the Bhils of Kushálgarh were not enumerated, but their number was estimated to be 3,596. The percentages at the foot of this table are given for what they are worth.
villages	1,080	1,314	1,546	
Total population	15,015	211,611	163,300	
Number of males			18	
females			83,568	
Animals		137,164	104,68	
Hindus		63,634	50,898	
Jain		5,998	5,202	
Muslims		4,793	4,668	
Christians		
Urban population	7,908	8,234	7,038	
Population per square mile	78	109	85	

Percentage of variation in population—

)	between 1891 and 1891.....	+ 39.2
(u)	1881 and 1891.....	+ 8.7
(u)	1891 and 1891.....	+ 1.9

TABLE No XXXVI

List of nobles of the first class in Bānsuāra

Name of estate	Title of holder	Clan of holder	Annual revenue	Annual tribute to the Darbār
			Rs	Rs
Molān or Notagaon	Thākur	Chauhān	1,215	428
Arthuna	Ditto	Ditto	5,174	713
Garhi	Rao	Ditto	40,000	1,500
Metwāla	Thākur	Ditto	1,665	656
Ganora	Ditto	Ditto	2,739	469
Khāndu	Mahārāj	Sesodia	7,465	200
Sūrpur	Ditto	Ditto	1,681	251
Tejpur	Ditto	Ditto	2,288	251
Kushālpura	Thākur	Ditto	1,500	<i>Nil</i>
Kushālgarh	Rao	Rāthor	37,000	550
Talwāra	Thākur	Ditto	2,000	278
Orwāra	Ditto	Ditto	579	133

The five Chauhāns and the four Sesodias sit to the right of the Mahārāwāl in *darbār*, and the three (formerly eight) Rāthors sit to the left. The estate of Tejpur is of recent creation and is held by the third son of the late Mahārāwāl Lachhman Singh.

TABLE No. XXXVII.

Diamonds Jail

Year	JAIL POPULATION		Daily average number of sick.	Number of de ths.	Rate of mortality per 1,000	Expenditure on maintenance.
	Daily average.	MAXIMUM on any one day				
1894	38	44	5	4	100	
1895	48	60	5	3	62	
1896	61	0	7	8	132	
1897	46	68	7	8	174	
1898	44	6	6	1	23	
1899	42	0	5	3	71	
1900	127	335	16	138	1 016	
1901	85	104	6	11	129	—
1902	127	189	15	34	272	Rs. 7,988
1903	85	10	8	19	199	Rs. 5 537
1904	74	103	6	4	54	†Rs. 1,838
1905	63	88	4	4	63	†Rs. 1,012
1906	41	70	3	N/A	N/A	..
1907						
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

For the old official year commencing in July

† For the official year commencing in April.

TABLE No XXXIX.

<i>Hospital persons and Vaccination the District St</i>					
<i>1</i>	<i>1891</i>	<i>1891</i>	<i>1901</i>	<i>1903</i>	<i>1904</i>
Number of patients	1	1			
patient treated	6	12,90*	21,629	18,661	158
Daily average number of —					
() In patient		4			3
(b) Out patient	60	101	140	13	181
Number of operations performed	343	474	403	3*8	901
Number of vaccinators employed		1	2	2	
Number of vaccination performed		103	455	1,019	1,110
Number of successful vaccinations		93	449	1,015	1,163
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population		0.44	2.7	6.1	7.03

A dispensary existed at Kuthalgurh in 1881 but no returns are received from it till 1895.

The figures relating to vaccination are for the official years 1891-2, 1901-2* et

TABLE No. XII.

List of chiefs of Doolia and Partabgarh.

N	Name	Date remarks etc
1	Baka.	Left his ancestral estates in Mewar about 1653 and, proceeding south, conquered the greater part of the country now called Partabgarh he founded the town of Doolia.
2	Tej Singh	1679-91.
3	Bhidoo or Bhidna.	1694-1604
4	Sondha or Singha.	1604-23.
5	Jaswant Singh.	1623-31.
6	Hari Singh	Visited Delhi, was confirmed in his territory by Shah Jahan from whom he received the titles of <i>Mahārā</i> at and <i>Haz</i> <i>hasiri</i> (commander of 7 000) he died 1674.
7	Pratap Singh.	1674-1708 founded Partabgarh town in 1698.
8	Prithwi Singh.	1708-17 said to have received from Shah Alam I the right to coin money
9	Rām Singh	1717-18.
10	Usod Singh.	1718-23
11	Gopal Singh.	1723-58.
12	Ballm Singh.	1758-75 obtained from Shah Alam II renewal of the privilege of coining money
13	Sawant Singh	1775-1844 became tributary to the Marā this and subsequently (1818) concluded treaty with the British Government.
14	Dalsat Singh.	1844-64.
15	Udal Singh.	1864-90.
16	Raghunath Singh.	Succeeded 10th February 1890 and was invested with ruling powers on the 10th January 1891 was born in 1859.

TABLE No. XLII.

Population, Patābgarh State, 1881, 1891 and 1901

Details	1881	1891	1901	REMARKS
Number of towns	1	1	1	The figures for 1881 are of little value as Hindus, Animists and Jains were all grouped together
„ „ villages	568	615	412	
Total population	79,568	87,975	52,025	
Number of males	41,253	45,842	26,036	
„ „ females	38,315	42,133	25,989	
„ „ Hindus		50,209	31,977	
„ „ Animists	75,320	26,705	11,513	
„ „ Jains		6,119	4,754	
„ „ Musalmāns	4,243	4,937	3,761	
„ „ Christians	1	1	5	
Urban population	12,755	14,819	9,819	
Population per square mile	90	99	59	

Percentage of variation in population—

(i)	between 1881 and 1891	+ 10 6
(ii)	„ 1881 „ 1901	- 34 6
(iii)	„ 1891 „ 1901	- 40 9

TABLE NO. XLIII

Area in acres under the principal crops the 114 married village of the Maryland State

Year	Date harvested.										Early harvest.										Total both harvests	Total area cropped
	Wheat	Oats	Barley and rye	Peas and beans	Alfalfa and clover	Hay and straw	Miscellaneous	Prepared for winter	Total	Wheat	Barley and rye	Alfalfa and clover	Hay and straw	Miscellaneous	Prepared for winter	Total						
1904 02	8,129	8,177	2,575	1,947	408	222	174	101	172	1,817	404	449	2,121	1,831	641	2,271	11	51	114	21,97	20,374	
1903 08																						
1904 07																						
1907 04																						
1908 08																						
1909 10																						
1910 11																						

The figures in the last column are obtained by deducting from those in the previous column the area cropped more than once

TABLE No XLIV

Average retail prices in rupees per mow at Pantābgāh town

Year	Wheat.	Gram	Four	Maize	Salt
			25 6		10 2
1889-90	17 2	23 9			10 6
1890-91	15 5	20 8	21 6		10 4
1891-92	14 8	21 4	20		10 4
1892-93	16 4	22 7	19 7		10 7
1893-94	15 9	20 2	24 7		10 3
1894-95	18 1	31 4	28 5		10 9
1895-96	16 5	22 4	31 4	27 2	10 9
1896-97	11 8	13	16 5	19 2	11 9
1897-98	17 7	23 4	26 7	29 2	11 5
1898-99	20 1	27 7	31 2	26 7	11 1
1899-1900	9 4	10 6	18 7	9 6	10 9
1900-01	8 7	12 4	12 5	14 4	11 8
1901-02	9 7	12 8	13 6	17 9	10 7
1902-03	10 4	15 7	31 3	42 9	11 8
1903-04	19 6	39 1	52 2	41	12 9
1904-05	12 3	21 3	26	25 7	14 1
1905-06	12 1	13 3	19	20 7	13 3
1906-07	12 1	13	19 8	22 3	
1907-08					
1908-09					
1909-10					
1910-11					

TABLE No. XLV

List of nobles of the first class in Paridgarh.

Name of estate.	Title of holder	Class of holder	Annual revenue.	Annual tribute to the Durbar
Dhamotar	Thākur	Scwalia	Rs. 20,000	Rs. 3,000
Raiper			Rs. 0 000	Rs. 2,181
Kalyānpura			Rs. 4 000	Rs. 1 097
Burha			Rs. 4,000	Rs. 661
Achlaoda			Rs. 4 000	Rs. 916
Jhāntla			Rs. 6,000	Rs. 703
Ambirkāna			Rs. 3,000	Rs. 814
Arnod ...	Mahārāj.		Rs. 10,000	Rs. 1 012
Bāllingarh	Thākur.		Rs. 5,000	Rs. 875

The above is the order of precedence in public *darbars* except that the Mahārāj of Arnod sits in front of the *gaddi* the others occupy seats to the right and left thereof.

TABLE No XLVI

Paritibgarh Jail

Year	JAIL POPULATION		Daily average number of sick	Number of deaths	Rate of mortality per 1,000	Expenditure on maintenance
	Daily average	Maximum on any one day				
1894	50	53	2			
1895	75	77	3	6	80	
1896	67	73	5	4	60	
1897	68	76	5	6	88	
1898	76	80	6	3	39	
1899	77	102	8	1	13	
1900	82	149	5	18	219	
1901	44	95	4	4	90	Rs 1,530
1902	75	138	8	3	10	Rs 2,118
1903	57	84	4	4	70	Rs 1,555
1904	33	54	3	4	121	Rs 1,666
1905	35	59	2			Rs 1,169
1906	34	51	2	2	59	
1907						
1908						
1909						
1910						
1911						

NOTE—The figures relating to expenditure are for official years 1901 02, 1902 03, etc

TABLE No. XLVII.

Schools in P. in the State 1901 (N).

Locality	Class	Number in class	Daily average attendance	Rm. val.
Devda	Vernacular pri mary	14	9	Cost Rs. 113
Pardhigauli	dit	28	20	Cost Rs. 403
Ditt	Anglo vernacular middle	86	56	Cost Rs. 1,906
Three schools		128	85	Cost Rs. 2,423

TABLE No XLVIII.

Hospitals, dispensaries and Vaccination in the Patābgarh State

PARTICULARS	1881	1891	1901	1905	1906
Number of hospitals etc	1	1	2	2	2
„ „ patients treated	4,286	9,522	17,808	13 084	(a) 11,896
Daily average number of —					
(a) In patients		1	6	3	2
(b) Out-patients	13	63	144	100	(a) 104
Number of operations performed	303	151	1 010	830	(a) 621
Number of vaccinators employed			1	1	1
Number of vaccinations performed			302	381	544
Number of successful vaccinations			299	381	544
Ratio of persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population			5 75	7 32	10 45

(a) These are the figures for one institution only, namely the hospital at Patābgarh, those for the Deolia dispensary have not yet been published

NOTE —The figures relating to vaccination are for the official years 1901 02, 1905 06, etc